

Honolulu Star-Bulletin

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EDITOR

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Do not say all that you know, but always know what you say.—Claudian.

FOR THE NATIONAL GUARD

Company D, National Guard of Hawaii, is presenting a dramatic offering in the armory tonight and Saturday night. The proceeds will be used to good purpose in furnishing the company's rooms and the military organization deserves the hearty support of the citizens of Honolulu.

The members of Company D, under the efficient guidance of Captain Walter B. Kolb, have worked hard to perfect their organization, they have been consistent in turning out to drill, demonstrated the beneficial results of hard and consistent work by taking off highest honors at the recent military tournament, participated in by citizen and regular soldiers.

With this sort of a showing on the part of the soldiers, citizens ought to be out in force at the production of "Down in Dixie" tonight and again Saturday night.

CARNIVAL COMPANY SUGGESTIONS

Having made one mistake, another may not do any great harm. But this paper would call the attention of the directors of the Carnival Company, Ltd., to a fundamental error recorded by a majority vote at the first meeting of stockholders.

Authorization of a paid officer under the by-laws of the corporation tends to violate the spirit that was and is behind the movement which the Carnival Company represents. This whole scheme depends for its continued success on widespread personal investment of time and effort for the general welfare, the amusement and entertaining instruction of the people of Hawaii and their guests the tourists. Of course money is required to carry out this work. On the other hand, this money should not be paid as a recognized necessity to officers of the corporation. The sole recognized necessity of this organization must be cooperation, good will and enthusiastic loyalty for "our territory."

Good will is the single asset of the company. If the directors of the corporation so handle its affairs that its activities are out of touch with the people at large, it is gone; an absolute failure.

This company must do more than "satisfy the business community," as this term has been so often used in the past. The "business community" represents the smallest end of the investors in the stock of the Carnival Company, Ltd. The people, without regard to their affiliations in business or politics or industry or religion or social set, are the Carnival Company, Ltd., and as their interests are represented and developed in the broadest possible spirit the enterprise will be a continued success. Should the directors slide easily into the rut which has stalled every old-time organization in this city, if they think it is the duty of directors to form a little circle and forget the wide representation of the stockholders and fail to conduct their business so as to keep the stockholders interested; if they should make this fundamental mistake, they will find themselves a collection of solemn and complaining owls wondering why they are not appreciated.

This paper does not anticipate that these mistakes will be made. On the other hand, there has been just enough evidence of the hide-bound variety of old-fashioned arguments to show that such a result is possible. And now is the time to speak of it, rather than next fall and winter, when we are in the midst of another community campaign.

As one sizes up the situation for the small man in the agricultural activities of this territory, there are ever-increasing arguments for a cooperative cannery in which the government participates enough to protect the farmer in at least one of the industries that is by no means impossible for the American homesteader. Secretary Fisher suggested government regulation of sugar mill rates. This merely points to the spirit of the times in its refusal to remain indifferent to any possible ruthless riding down of the average man struggling to maintain his independence.

The framework of the Greater Chamber of Commerce is nearly completed. But that is only the smallest part of a live organization. To be worth while, the Chamber must have live men with live interest in the progress of Hawaii.

STRIKING FEATURES OF IMPORT TRADE

In its monograph "Annual Review of the Foreign Commerce of the United States," just issued, the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, department of commerce, states that the striking characteristics of the import trade of the United States in the fiscal year 1913, when compared with the import trade of earlier years, are: (1) An increased percentage entering free of duty, and (2) an increased percentage imported for use in manufacturing. The percentage of the imports which entered free of duty in 1913 was 54.47, being larger than in any earlier year except 1892 (55.35 per cent) and 1894 (57.98 per cent), the opening and closing years of the brief period in which sugar was admitted free of duty under the act of 1890. The total value of merchandise imported free of duty in the fiscal year 1913 was \$987,500,000, against \$367,200,000 in 1900; and of dutiable, \$825,500,000, against \$482,700,000 in 1900, merchandise entering free of duty in 1913 having formed 54.47 per cent of the total imports, against 43.21 per cent in 1900.

Manufacturers' raw materials form a steadily increasing share of the imports, having been, in 1870, but 12.76 per cent; in 1880, 19.74 per cent; in 1890, 21.62 per cent; in 1900, 32.5 per cent; and in 1913, 35 per cent. The growth in importations of manufactures for further use in manufacturing was relatively less than that of raw materials, since that group formed 12.75 per cent of the imports in 1870 and 19.27 per cent in 1913. Manufacturers' raw materials imported in 1913 aggregated \$635,200,000, against \$276,200,000 in 1900, and manufactures for further use in manufacturing showed, in 1913, a total importation of \$349,400,000, against \$134,200,000 in 1900.

Foodstuffs in a crude condition formed 11.7 per cent of the imports in 1913 and 11.5 per cent in 1900; foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured, 10.7 per cent in 1913 and 15.7 per cent in 1900; and manufactures ready for consumption, 22.5 per cent of the total in 1913, against 23.9 per cent in 1900. The principal increase in importations of manufacturers' materials occurred in nondutiable articles, of which the imports in 1913 were \$509,700,000, against \$210,400,000 in 1900, while dutiable crude materials imported for use in manufacturing in 1913 aggregated \$125,500,000, against \$65,800,000 in 1900. The above figures relate to general imports, those of imports for consumption differing but slightly from general import figures in totals and percentages.

Some people may not agree with Mr. Carter's declared attitude on the candidacy for Delegate. Many believe that what's worth while is worth going after. And that is usually what happens even when a candidate states that he is "responding to the call of the people."

Let us hope that Mr. Wilder's present trip to Washington will produce something more lucid and more appropriate to the American development of these islands than the Oriental immigration dream with which he endeavored to hallucinate the public a short time ago.

Again our navy is assembling for a fight or a frolic. It is entirely possible that all the patience which the President has been displaying is also to give our own forces time to put themselves in the highest state of efficiency.

Women of Hawaii are not yet voters. But they must have some opinions on the distribution of the saloons. They do not have to wait for a vote in order to express those opinions.

The Carnegie Peace Foundation makes announcement that it has 50,000 sermons on the topic prepared for delivery May 17. What was it General Sherman said of war?

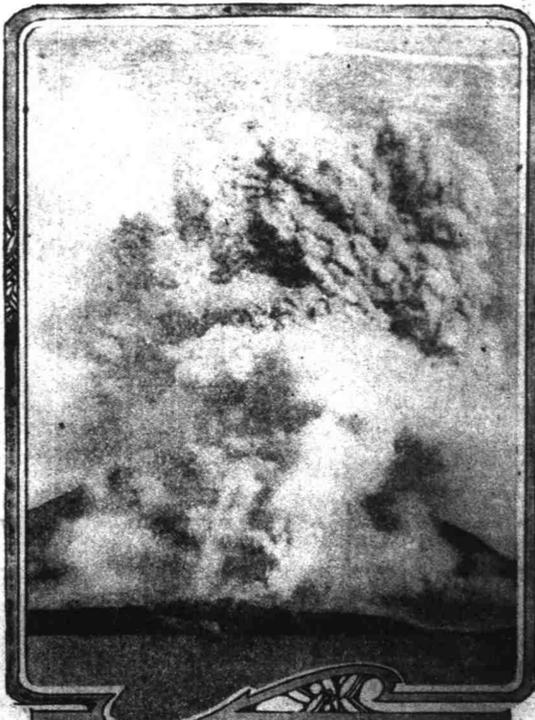
That County Fair at Schofield Barracks ought to double the population of the army town for at least two days of the first week in May.

Commissioner John Hughes is quoted as saying that he resigns only in part. Can it be that John is taking a line from the Ulster program?

Perhaps the Panama Canal would take a ship, or two, or three, if needs must, and the war devil drives.

Numerous candidates for mayor of Honolulu ought to give us all brands of quality from which to select.

PROF. T. A. JAGGAR HOME, WELL PLEASED WITH TRIP TO JAPAN



The vast mushroom cloud that accompanied one of the greatest lava flows of recent times, during the recent eruption of Sakurajima. Photograph taken from city of Kagoshima, Japan.

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views will add to the collection now filed with the archives of the Hawaiian Volcanoes Research Association," admitted Professor Jaggar.

A marked decrease in earthquake disturbances was noted from February 1st until the time came for the departure of the scientist for Honolulu. Before leaving the district, Professor Jaggar said that plans had been completed by the Japanese government for the removal of the people from Kagoshima to a safer district near Hyuga.

"I was successful in securing a fine series of pictures taken at the volcano and in the immediate vicinity. These

LITTLE INTERVIEWS

—J. W. THOMPSON: Things are quiet around the district attorney's office today. It is the full following the storm, I think.

—CAPTAIN PETER JOHNSON: It is with genuine pleasure that I visit Honolulu after a nine-months' absence on the mainland.

—A. T. LONGLEY: Watermelons are beginning to come in at a good rate now, and they are of fine quality. This looks like a big watermelon year.

—F. A. HOLLABAUGH: While touring the Far East I noted many inquiries concerning the Hawaiian Islands. Considerable valuable literature has been distributed throughout Japan and China.

—JOHN F. BOWLER: Why shouldn't the federal building be erected on the King and Richards streets corner of the Capitol grounds? This site would cost nothing and then the money saved on ground could go to making a finer building.

—DR. J. M. WHITNEY: It looks to me as if Huerta, in the Tampico case, is only trying to get the United States to pull his chestnuts out of the fire. He knows that his cause is lost and that nothing will save him but interference by the United States.

H. P. WOOD: From now on until the opening of the 1915 exposition, the Hawaii Fair Commission is going to hold a meeting each week. I believe that this action will see the plans completed at an early date, which will benefit both the commission and the territory.

—JOHN HUGHES: I still am opposed to the Hawaii Fair Commission spending \$35,000 for a building at the 1915 exposition. When the fair appropriation was made, the legislature should have said: "Here is \$100,000,

Personal Mention

V. GENOVES, well known to island sporting fraternity as a swimmer, returned from the coast in the steamer Wilhelmina.

J. F. JORDAN, who is credited with being an expert in fancy dancing, is an arrival at Honolulu as a passenger in the steamer Wilhelmina.

MR. AND MRS. HARRY GRAY are numbered with the passengers who left the coast in the Matson Navigation steamer Manoa for the islands.

MRS. CLIFFORD MAYNE has returned from an extended visit to the mainland, accompanied by her son. Mrs. Mayne was a passenger in the steamer Wilhelmina.

GEORGE WEBB is at the head of a company of players who will open for an extended engagement in this city. They arrived in the Matson steamer Wilhelmina this morning.

C. H. EELLINA, who has been on the mainland on a business mission, is expected to return to Honolulu as a passenger in the Matson steamer Manoa, due here next Tuesday.

V. L. STEVENSON, editor of the Maul News, is a visitor to the city to attend the hearing of a matter in the circuit court in which he has been summoned as a witness. Editor Stevenson expects to return to Wailuku on Friday evening.

EUGENE R. HENDRY, United States marshal, who has been seriously ill at Waikiki for several days, is reported to be much improved in gentlemen; spend it for the best interest of Hawaii."

—GEN. J. H. SOPER: Honolulu business men never seem to profit by experience. The ability of local men is always discounted and we rush to embrace a stranger whom we know nothing about, and who in most cases has not the qualifications that some of our own citizens possess.

For Rent

- Manoa Valley, 2 bedrooms, furnished. \$40.00
- Beretania St., 4 bedrooms, furnished. \$85.00
- Nuuanu Valley, 2 bedrooms, furnished. \$60.00
- Anapuni St., 3 bedrooms, unfurnished. \$40.00
- Waikiki Beach, 4 bedrooms, unfurnished. \$60.00

FOR SALE.

Desirable home on Wilhelmina Rise, only two years old. Beautiful marine view. Price \$3750. On terms.

Guardian Trust Co., Ltd.,

205 Bank of Hawaii Building.

The Howard Watch is worthy

A Howard Watch reflects the good judgment and taste of the giver, and bespeaks the good judgment and taste of the recipient.

WICHMAN & CO.
Jewelers

health. It is probable that he will be taken to Kaimuki this afternoon, granted him by the government of where he is expected to make rapid recovery. His Majesty Alfonso XIII. During his absence T. F. Sedgwick, honorary vice-consul, will take charge of the affairs of the consulate. Mr. Arana, accompanist in the Territory of Hawaii, will depart for Spain in a few days on Monday morning making official calls.

Home for Sale

Two-story bungalow on Matlock Ave. of 6 rooms, 50x90 lot, well improved with lawn, shrubs, trees; modern conveniences installed in house; price \$4250.

Trent Trust Co.

Fort, bet. King and Merchant

WATCHES

BEST TERMS. BEST GRADES

VIEIRA JEWELRY CO., Ltd. 115 Hotel St.

Henry Waterhouse Trust Co., Limited,

Real Estate for Sale

For Rent—Furnished

- 2850 Puunui Avenue, 2 bedrooms (garage).....\$40.00
- 1454 Kewalo Street, 2 bedrooms (garage)..... 50.00
- Park Ave. and 11th, Kaimuki, 2 bedrooms..... 40.00
- College Hills, 3 bedrooms (garage)..... 50.00

For Rent—Unfurnished

- 1235 Matlock Avenue 2 bedrooms\$27.50
- 1020 Aloha Lane 2 bedrooms 18.00
- 1646 King Street 2 bedrooms 32.50
- 1205 Alexander Street 3 bedrooms 35.00
- 1915 Kalakaua Avenue 3 bedrooms 32.50
- Cor. Ena Road and Kalakaua Ave 5 bedrooms 50.00
- 823 Beretania Street 2 bedrooms 30.00

Henry Waterhouse Trust Co. Limited,

Cor. Fort and Merchant Sts. HONOLULU, T. H.